National Register Historic District

A **National Register historic distri**ct is a historic district that is listed in the National Register of Historic Places. The National Register is our country's official list of historic properties and resources worthy of preservation. It includes individual buildings, structures, sites, and objects as well as historic districts that are considered to be significant in American history, architecture, engineering, archaeology, and culture.

Identifies significant properties and districts for general planning purposes.

Analyzes and assesses the historic character and quality of the district.

Designates historic areas based on uniform national criteria and procedures.

Sets district boundaries tightly, based on the actual distribution pattern of intact historic properties in the area.

Makes available specific federal and state tax incentives for preservation purposes

Provides a limited degree of protection from the effects of federally assisted undertakings.

Qualifies property owners for federal and state grants for preservation purposes, when funds are available.

Does not restrict the use or disposition of property or obligate private property owners in any way.

Does not require conformance to design guidelines or preservation standards when property is rehabilitated unless specific preservation incentives (tax credits, grants) are involved.

Does not affect state and local government activities.

Does not prevent the demolition of historic buildings and structures within designated areas.

Local Historic District

A **local historic district** is a district designated by a local ordinance that falls under the jurisdiction of a local historic preservation review commission. A local historic district is generally "overlaid" on the existing zoning classifications in a community. Therefore, it deals only with the appearance of the district, not with the uses of those properties.

Protects a community's historic properties and areas through a design review process.

Protects the historic character and quality of the district with specific design controls.

Designates historic areas on the basis of local criteria and local procedures.

Sets district boundaries based on the distribution pattern of historic resources plus other preservation and community planning considerations.

Provides no tax incentives for preservation purposes unless such are provided by local tax law.

Provides limited degree of protection from the effects of federally assisted undertakings.

Requires local historic preservation commissions review and approval, based on conformance to local design guidelines, before a building permit is issued for any "material changes" in appearance to the district.

Provides for review of proposed demolitions within designated areas; may prevent or delay proposed demolitions for specific time periods to allow for preservation alternatives.

Does not qualify property owners for federal or state grants for preservation purposes unless such are provided by the state.

Does not restrict the use to which property is put in the district or require property owners to make improvements to their property.

Does not affect federal, state, or local government activities.